

Note: All homework assignments are to be completed individually. **No group work is allowed.** This homework is due at the beginning of class on the assigned due date. To receive any credit for your submission **you must show all work.**

- 1.) (5 pts) Using the abstract operations defined for the List ADT, write an algorithm to count the number of elements that fall between a range of [low, high] inclusive in an unsorted List ADT S.
- 2.) (5pts) Using the abstract operations defined for the Tree ADT, write an abstract level pseudocode algorithm `CountExternal(T, v)` to count the number of external nodes in a Tree T.
- 3.) (5 pts) Assume that a Tree ADT stores numerical values. Write an algorithm `TreeMax(T, v, max)` that returns the largest value in a Tree ADT T.
- 4.) (5 pts) Using the abstract operations defined for the Tree ADT, write an algorithm `isTernaryTree(T, v)`, which returns a Boolean value indicating if the Tree ADT T is a proper ternary tree. A proper ternary tree is a tree where each node has three children or no children.
- 5.) (5 pts) Using the abstract operations defined for the Binary Tree ADT, write an algorithm `cousins(T, v)` that returns the cousins (i.e., nodes with the same grandparent) of a given node v in a proper binary tree ADT T, if they exist. The cousins can be returned as an array.
- 6.) (10 pts) Using the abstract operations defined for the Binary Tree ADT, write an algorithm to determine if two Binary Trees, T1 and T2, are equal. A binary tree is considered equal if the structure is the same and the values stored at the same location in the trees are the same.

For (2)-(6) analyze the order of the running time if the Tree/Binary Tree is implemented using a linked-node data structure where each node has a direct link to its children and (i) has a link to its parent and (ii) does not have a link to its parent.